## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims

- 1-18. (Cancelled)
- 19. (New) A method of positioning a radio transmitter, comprising the steps of:

determining a distance to a receiver of known position according to a parameter reflecting propagation delay time;

determining direction from the receiver to the transmitter from a respective parameter reflecting received signal level in a cell/sector where the transmitter is camping or being served and a signal level in one or more co-sited cells/sectors different from the cell/sector where the transmitter is camping or being served, wherein said direction is determined by forming a respective linear scale ratio of or dB-scale differences between at least one or more neighbor cells/sectors received level and a received level of the cell/sector where the transmitter is camping or being served, the received levels being related to the same site.

- 20. (New) The method according to claim 19, wherein at least one of the one or more co-sited cells/sectors is an immediate neighbor of the cell where the transmitter is camping or being served.
- 21. (New) The method according to claim 19, wherein said determination of transmitter positioning includes cell/sector identity.
- 22. (New) The method according to claim 19, wherein the received signal level is averaged prior to forming a basis for positioning.

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23. (New) The method according to claim 22, wherein the average is formed in a network control element.

24. (New) The method according to claim 23, wherein the network control

element is an entity most closely connected to the receiver entity over a standardized

interface.

25. (New) The method according to claim 24, wherein the entity most

closely connected to the receiver is a base station controller.

26. (New) The method according to claim 24, wherein the entity most

closely connected to the receiver is a radio network controller.

27. (New) A device for positioning a radio transmitter, comprising:

means for determining distance to a receiver of known position according to a

parameter reflecting propagation delay time; and,

means for determining direction from the receiver to the transmitter from a respective parameter reflecting received signal level in a cell/sector where the transmitter is camping or being served and signal level in one or more co-sited cells/sectors, wherein said direction to the transmitter is determined by forming a respective ratio of the neighbor cell/sector received level and a received level of a

related to the same site.

28. (New) The device according to claim 27, wherein the co-sited

cell/sector where the transmitter is camping or being served, the received levels being

cell/sector is at least one of the cells/sectors being an immediate neighbors of the cell

where the transmitter is camping or being served.

29. (New) The device according to claim 27, wherein said means includes

cell/sector identity determination of transmitter positioning.

- 30. (New) The device according to claim 27, wherein said means forms a time average of received signal level prior to forming a basis for positioning.
- 31. (New) The device according to claim 30, wherein said average is formed in a network control element.
- 32. (New) The device according to claim 31, wherein the network control element is an entity most closely connected to the receiver entity over a standardized interface.
- 33. (New) The device according to claim 32, wherein the entity most closely connected to the receiver is a base station controller.
- 34. (New) The device according to claim 32, wherein the entity most closely connected to the receiver is a radio network controller.

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